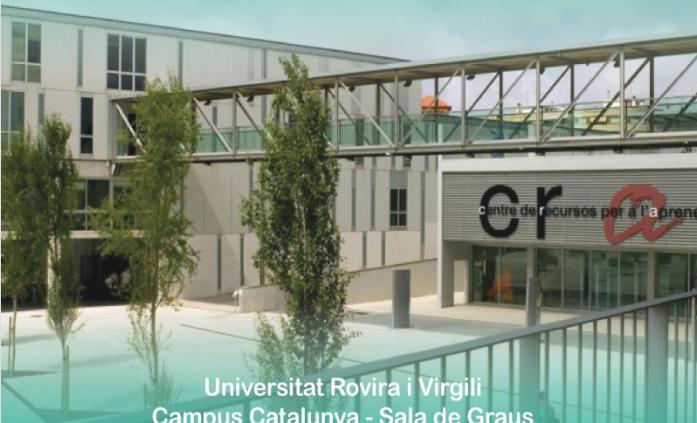


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“Autogeneración Energética Inyección Cero y Aisladas”

En el marco del 1er Ciclo de Conferencias BioEconomic® 2014 - 2015

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# Sistemas de almacenamiento energético para generación fotovoltaica

Javier Sánchez  
Regional Sales Manager SAFT



7 de Octubre de 2014

# Summary

1. Overview of the PV integration issues
2. Energy storage applications for PV integration
3. Saft Field Experience on PV plant Integration with Li-Ion
4. Intensium Home. Li-ion for Residential Energy Storage

# SAFT in numbers

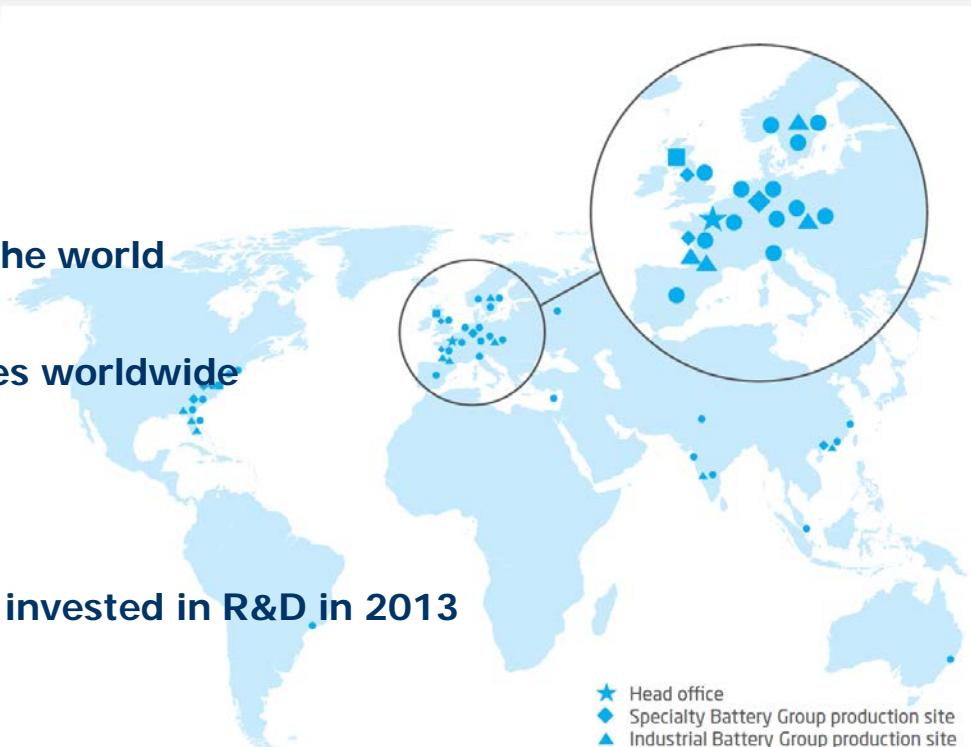
3856 staff worldwide

18 countries around the world

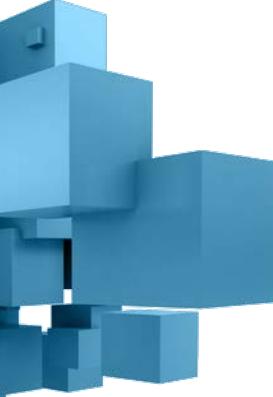
14 manufacturing sites worldwide

624 M€ Sales in 2013

9,3 % of Group Sales invested in R&D in 2013



- ★ Head office
- ◆ Specialty Battery Group production site
- ▲ Industrial Battery Group production site
- Saft sales network
- ASB (50% Saft, 50% EADS)

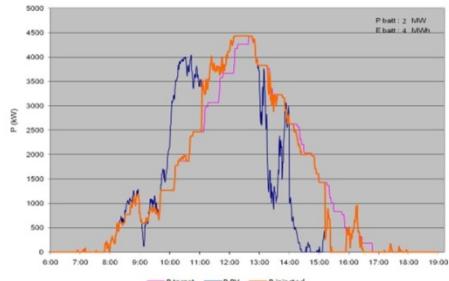


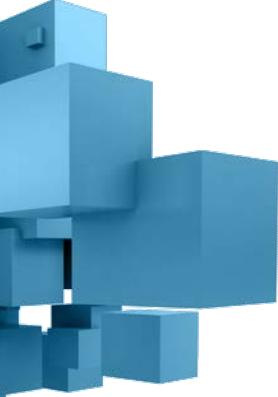
# 1. Overview of PV integration issues



# Overview of PV plants integration issues

- PV power plants have **high power variability**
  - More than wind plants in the very short term (30 seconds to 5min)
- PV plants have **limited predictability**
  - Forecasting errors remain high as per today
  - Energy storage always needed since forecast can never be perfect
- High PV penetration levels create **voltage issues** and **congestions** in feeders/substations
- **No inertia** (contrary to conventional groups)
- **Energy Storage Systems** can solve all these issues while other smart grid solutions provide partial solutions

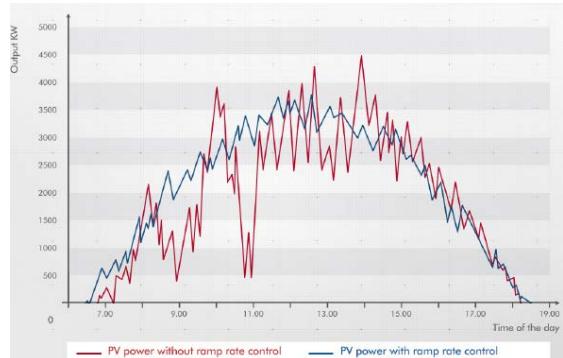




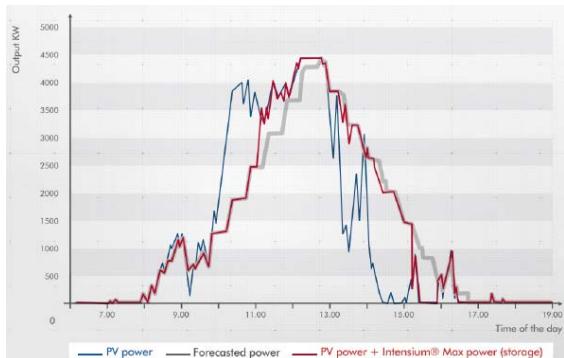
## **2. Energy Storage applications for PV plants integration**

# Typical storage applications for PV Integration

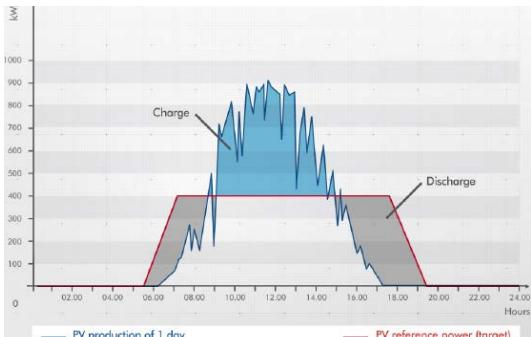
## 1- PV Ramp control



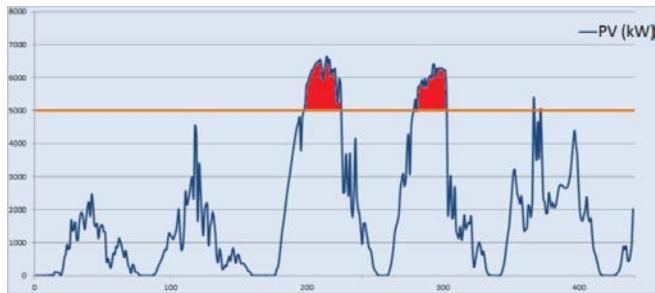
## 2- PV smoothing / Imbalance Management



## 3 - PV Shaping/firming

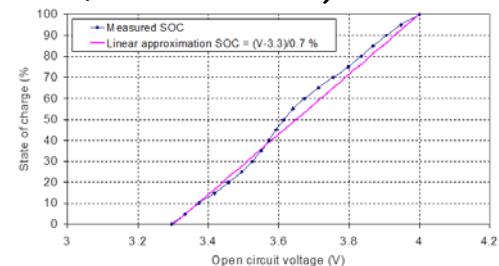
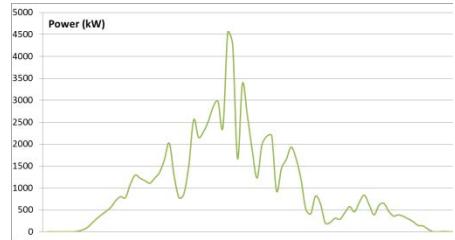


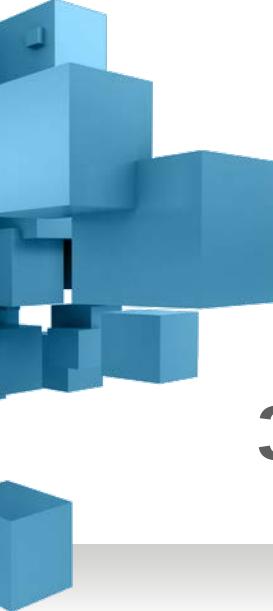
## 4 - PV Curtailment Avoidance



# Why Li-Ion for PV integration

- Suited to dynamic cycling
  - Changing and unpredictable power patterns
  - Prolonged partial SOC
- High Power capability
  - In comparison to other batteries (Na based, Redox, Lead based)
  - Constant in a large SOC and T range
- Accurate SOC indication in real-time
  - Allows smart energy management strategies
  - Key for day-ahead market and scheduling
- Excellent roundtrip efficiency maximizing PV injection to grid
- 20 years lifetime is possible!





### **3. Field Experience on large PV plants with Li-Ion batteries**

# Installed base of Utility Scale containerized ESS



## ILIS Project (Tudela, Spain)

- First European PV + Battery MW plant connected to mainland grid
- Associates **1.2MWp PV plant** and **1100kW/580kWh Li-Ion system**
- 4 modes of operation:
  - 1 - defined P & Q set-points
  - 2 - ramp rate control
  - 3 - frequency regulation
  - 4 - voltage regulation
- Acciona control system able to adapt to different Grid Codes and to offer services based on hourly PV production predictions, electricity prices

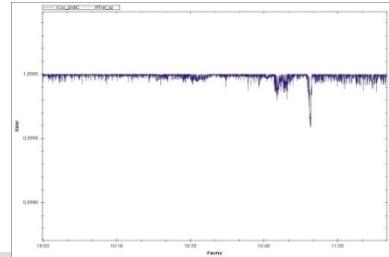
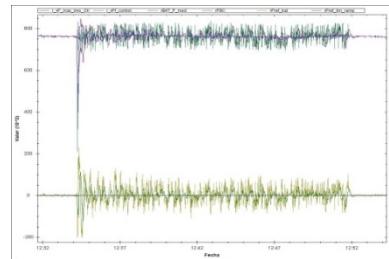
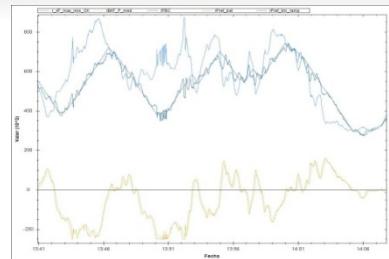


Operational  
March 2012



# ILIS Tudela Operation modes

- **Ramp rate control:** fluctuations in active power can be regulated according pre-defined maximum ramp rates depending on set parameters (i.e. 2.5% per minute)
- **Frequency regulation:** active power production of the plant is regulated based on grid frequency.
  - Battery power +/-200kW (20% of Pmax)
  - Accuracy +/-10%
  - Time response with PCS 0,5 Sec
- **Reactive power control:**
  - voltage regulation at grid connection point
  - Cos phi control regulation
  - Q setpoint from operator

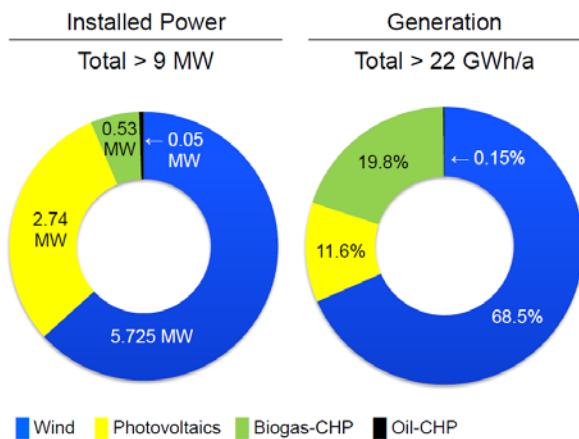


# PV curtailment avoidance in Germany



# Pellworm island - Smart Region project

- Renewable Island in North of Germany (100% renewables generation)
- Generation is 22 GWh per year while consumption is 7GWh per year (3 times!!)
- Renewable surplus is transported to mainland Germany with 2 sea cables but congestions occur sometimes leading to Renewable curtailment
- Hybrid energy storage plant (**Li-Ion 1100kW/580kWh** + Redox 200kW/1600kWh) to achieve **renewable curtailment avoidance**



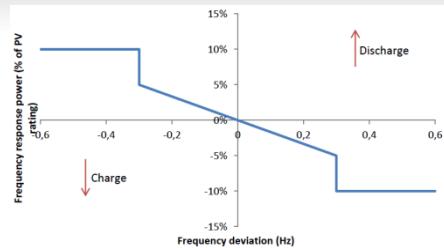
# PV ramp control in Puerto-Rico



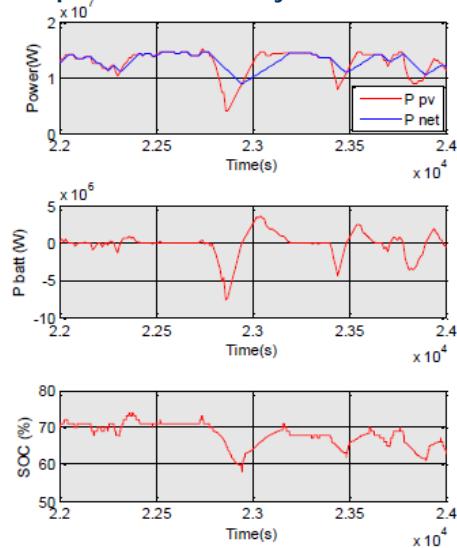
# Salinas 10MWp PV Power plant (Puerto Rico)

## PREPA Minimum Requirements

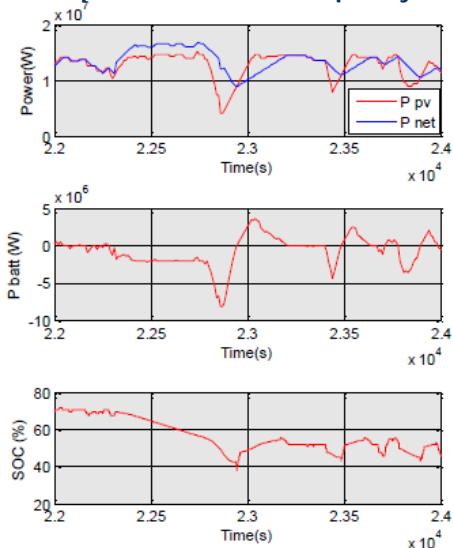
- **PV ramp rate control:** 10% per minute
- **Frequency response** with 5% droop , up to 9 minutes in case of large under-frequency events



Ramp Rate Control only



Ramp Rate Control + Frequency response

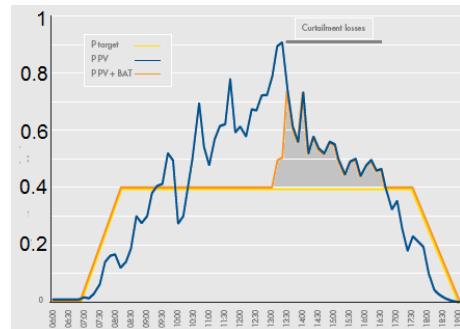


# Shaping application in La Réunion Island

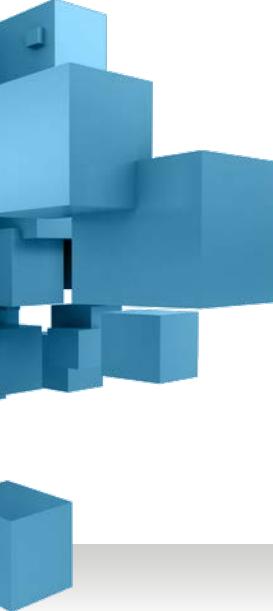


# Bardzour PV+Battery project (La Réunion Island)

- Akuo Energy is one of the first IPPs to develop and operate a PV+Battery plant in a commercial manner
- 9MWp PV Plant with ESS to meet **EDF SEI** requirements
  - Shaping at 40% of maximum power
  - Primary reserve : 10% of maximum power / 15 minutes
  - Voltage control with reactive power
- Optimum sizing is 9MWh/4.5MW Li-Ion system
  - 2 systems in 20 years



Operational  
Oct 2014



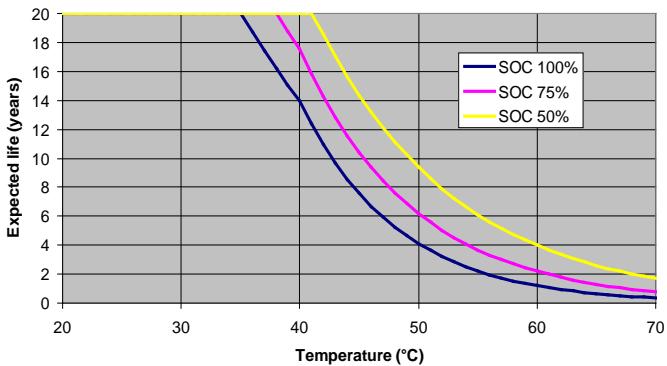
## 4. Intensium Home. Li-ion for residential Energy Storage.

# Calendar life and cycle life

## Calendar life

- in years
- depending on SOC & temperature
- and end of life criteria

Expected life for VL Li-Ion cells according to temperature  
(EOL for capacity loss of 20%)

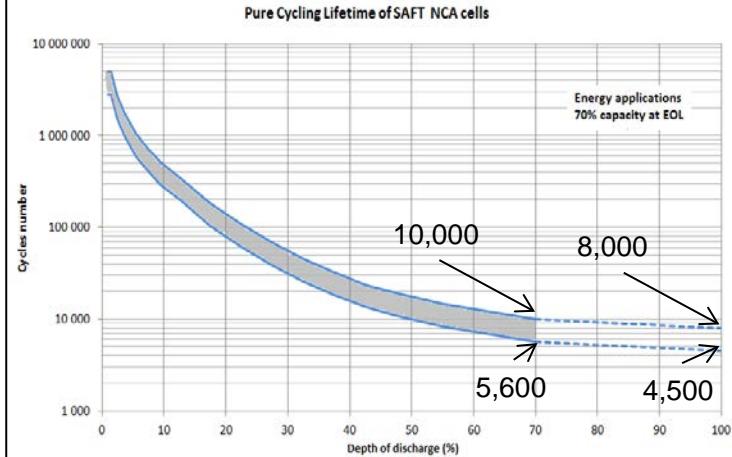


SOC: state of charge

DOD: depth of discharge

## Cycle life

- in nb of cycles
- depending on DOD and charge rate
- and end of life criteria



# Modular Battery concept for ESS PV self-consumption

- High DC Voltage  
Serial connected

- Energy Module 48V, 2.2 kWh,  
serial connection up to 720V  
- 33 kWh

Example Shown  
6 Module – 1 BMM



288V, 13kWh

■ 48V DC

48V, 4 kWh Unit,



Example shown  
2 Module – 1 BMM  
48V, 4KWh

- High Performance

- 97% roundtrip efficiency
- 20 years lifetime @ 1 cycle per day (60% average)
- Maintenance free

- Safety

- BMM: built-in safety with communication
  - **Hihg reliability and safety**
    - Safety oriented development IEC 61508
  - **Certification**
    - UN, EMC, SIL , IEC 60950-1 und IEC 62040\*)
    - VDE tested in Germany
- \*) IEC 60950-1 Information technology equipment – safety, general requirements  
IEC 62040 general & safety requirements for UPS used in operator access areas

# Residential ESS for PV self-consumption / back-up

Integrated storage system with inverter



BPT S 5 Hybrid

Separate storage system and inverter



# Intensium Home 4kWh

## Technical data:

### Nominal characteristics at + 25°C

Voltage (V)	48
Capacity (C/5) (Ah) at + 25°C	84
Rated energy (C/5) (Wh)	4000
Mechanical characteristics	
Width (mm)	535
Height (mm)	700
Depth (mm)	520
Weight (kg)	85

### Electrical characteristics at + 25°C

Voltage (V)	42 to 56
Maximum continuous discharge current (A)	160
Maximum continuous discharge power (W) at 50% SOC	7600
Peak discharge power in 3 s (W) at 50% SOC	15100
Maximum continuous recharge current (A)	82
Maximum continuous recharge power (W) at 50% SOC	4100
Peak recharge power in 5 s (W) at 50% SOC	12100

### Operating conditions

Operating temperature	0 to 40°C
Cycle efficiency (one way)	>95%
Self-discharge	<7% per month
Calendar lifetime at + 25°C	>20 years
Cycling lifetime at 60% DOD	>7000 cycles

**saft**



# Intensium Home - Complete System for Installation



Sunny Island



PowerRouter



XW6048



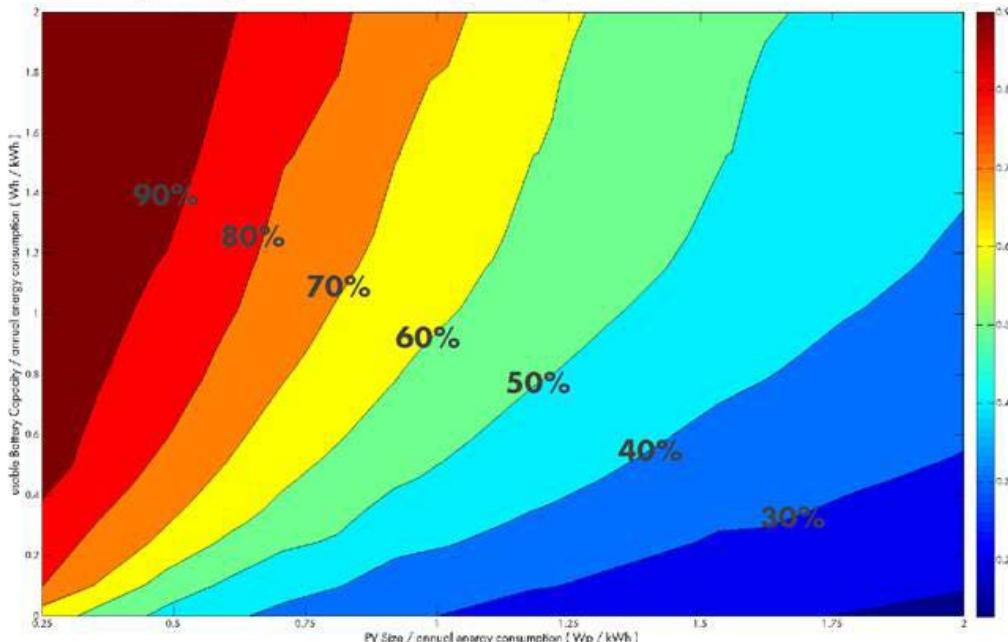
**4kWh battery system**

compatible with

**5kW inverter & EMS**

# PV Self-consumption application

PV and Battery sizing for self-consumption optimization



Assessing % self-consumption vs. Battery size

Example:  
5kWp House, yearly:  
5000 kWh consumption

- A: 0 kWh batt -> 30%
- B: 2kWh -> 48%
- C: 4kWh -> 55%
- D: 8,8kWh -> 68%

■ But ! Self-consumption is not the only benefit of storage

=> Back-up power in case of black-out ... but what is the value of it?

# Germany as example about self-comsumption policies

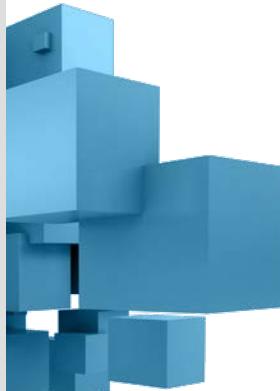


During the last years Germans householders are more focused to raise their energy "self-consumption" rather than feeding it into the grid.

Energy Storage is the way to target the self-consumption increasing and frees against the electricity rates.

**Intensium Home** offers everything to minimize the grid dependence in a 5,39KWP PV installation:

1. Life duration > 20 years (one cycle per day)
2. Compact and lightweight
3. (Almost) Free of maintenance
4. 15Kw of peak pulse and 7,5Kw of continuous output.



**Thank you !**

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